This is one unit...



Half pint of regular beer, lager or cider



1 very small glass of wine(9%)



1 single measure of spirits



1 small glass of sherry



1 single measure of aperitifs



...and each of these is more than one unit



A pint of "**regular**" beer, lager or cider



A pint of "strong"/ "premium" beer, lager or cider



Alcopop or a 275ml bottle of regular lager



440ml can of "regular" lager or cider



440ml can of "super strength" lager



250ml glass of wine (12%)

Cancer & many more



Bottle of wine (12%)

Risk **Common Effects** Men Women Lower Risk No more than No more than Increased relaxation 14 units per 14 units per Sociability week spread week spread •Some possible evidence of over 3 or more over 3 or protective effects for heart more days disease in small amounts days •Small increased risk of some cancers Over 14 units **Progressively increasing Increasing** Over 14 units Risk risk of: per week per week Low energy Depression **Higher Risk** 28 units or 28 units or Insomnia more per week Impotence more per week on a on a regular Injury & social problems Alcohol dependence regular basis basis High blood pressure Liver disease

There are times when you will be at risk even after one or two units. For example, with strenuous exercise, operating heavy machinery, driving or if you are on certain medication.

If you are pregnant or trying to conceive, it is recommended that you avoid drinking alcohol. But if you do drink, it should be no more than 1-2 units once or twice a week and avoid getting drunk.

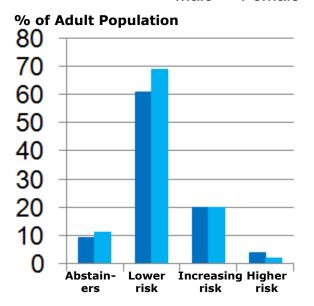
Your screening score suggests you are drinking at a rate that increases your risk of harm and you might be at risk of problems in the future.

What do you think?



What's everyone else like?

■ Male ■ Female



Making your plan

- When bored or stressed have a workout instead of drinking
- Avoid going to the pub after work
- Plan activities and tasks at those times you would usually drink
- When you do drink, set yourself a limit and stick to it
- Have your first drink after starting to eat
- Quench your thirst with non-alcohol drinks before and in-between alcoholic drinks
- Avoid drinking in rounds or in large groups
- · Switch to low alcohol beer/lager
- Avoid or limit the time spent with "heavy" drinking friends

The benefits of cutting down

Psychological/Social/Financial

- Improved mood
- Improved relationships
- •Reduced risks of drink driving
- Save money

Physical

- Sleep better
- More energy
- Lose weight
- No hangovers
- •Reduced risk of injury
- •Improved memory
- Better physical shape
- •Reduced risk of high blood pressure
- •Reduced risk of cancer
- •Reduced risks of liver disease
- Reduced risks of brain damage

What targets should you aim for?

Guidelines suggest that both men and women should aim for no more than 14 units per week.

These should be spread out over 3 days or more and single occasion amounts should be limited.

These guidelines were reviewed in 2016 following new evidence that any amount of alcohol increases risk of some cancers.

What is your personal target?

This brief advice is based on the "How Much Is Too Much?" Simple Structured Advice Intervention Tool, developed by Newcastle University and the Drink Less materials originally developed at the University of Sydney as part of a W.H.O. collaborative study.



